I believe that how, who and what we design our streets for is indicative of how we feel about people...

Two-thirds of low-income adults facing multiple disadvantages live in the nation's 100 largest metro areas.



Parents report violence and crime as 1 of 5 primary factors affecting children's walking or bicycling. 1/3 of US Schools are in air pollution danger zones and 1/4 of health care costs in the United States are attributable to obesity

30% of people with disabilities report that transportation is a problem for them



#### #1 Percentage of pedestrian fatalities

#1 Fatal/severe-injury bicycle collisions

#### #2 Speeding-related fatalities

#### #5 Alcohol-impaired driving fatalities

Citizens in the lowest 20 percent income bracket spend an average of 42 percent of their annual income on transportation.

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South Carolina's low income population makes up 41% of nonmotorized commuters and 39% of all pedestrian and bicycle crashes involved African Americans

Hospitality workers are 34% of the workforce in the Charleston and only 19% live on the Peninsula. Tri-County Community Health Needs Assessment reported the lack of transportation is one of the biggest hurdles for the poor in obtaining routine medical care

The City of Charleston has a higher pedestrian death index than DC, LA, or Chicago. Between 2015-2017 14 bike/ped deaths and 510 injuries. 43% were Black.

Between 2010 and 2014, in the Berkeley-Charleston-Dorchester region, there were 990 pedestrian and 739 bicycle crashes that resulted in 79 fatalities Charleston workers are twice as likely to work from home, three times as likely to bike to work, and twice as likely to walk to work as workers in North Charleston

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From 2016-2017 the CARTA bus service served 71,279 disabled riders through Tel-A-Ride and amassed 101,106 people using the Low-Income Pass

63% of surveyed West Ashley residents stated that their desire to choose a bus for travel would increase with more frequency, faster service and more destinations.





infrastructure isn't aligned with growth (37%)

The pace of development of our transportation system elements isn't nearly as fast as the successful attraction of jobs and residents.

Biggest impact on the future of Charleston transportation

Which local feature makes transportation here most challenging

#### lack of affordable housing (41%)

When housing prices rise faster than wages, residents have to move further away from job centers. This action creates longer and more frequent trips, almost always by car. shift to walkable areas and lifestyles (39%)

#1

Transportation

Concern

As more people wait longer to get driver's licenses and look for places where they can walk or bike to work, shop, and play, the economies of many cities are changing dramatically.



Co-empower citizens, advocacy groups and partners to have their voices prioritized in the establishment of mobility needs both now and in the future.

Equity is the intentional elimination of disparities disproportionately impacting marginalized people in a community. It is the joining together to take proactive steps in embracing the complexity of experiences, elevating the potency of inclusion, exposing the creativity in every community, demanding honesty in calling out racism and oppression both overt and systematic and striving to coempower citizens to implement goals. Equity is achieved when no one is blocked from reaching their full potential due to their race, gender, sex, disability, economic position or other socioeconomic determinants.

Support and establish transportation systems that are inclusive of residents and workers alike

#### **BIKE SHARE** FOR EVERYONE

#### **RENT, RIDE, RETURN**

1 year membership to Holy Spokes bike share for low- to moderateincome adults

> Two hours of ride time per day



PER YEAR!

GET TO THE GROCERY STORE, SCHOOL, & WORK...AFFORDABLY

Sign up at one of these

• Bridgeview Village Office, **108 North Romney Street** 

Shaw Community Center.

 Arthur W. Christopher Community Center,

265 Fishburne Street

823 Meeting Street

Charleston City Recreation,

20 Mary Street

locations:











Infuse equity into our strategic plans, contract negotiations, hiring practices and decision making tables



### What is missing from your definition of "for all?"

# Who is not in the room from your community that needs to be a part of this conversation?

# Have you institutionalized equity at your organization or have you just hired/partnered with it?

# Who do you need to welcome in that you have been holding back because of the accountability you will then be responsible for?

## Where do you see opportunities to co-empower a community leader or advocacy partner to lead?

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HARLESTON SERVICES ONF



City of Charleston